

### **Project Title**

To reduce Assault Rate by 50% in a Long Stay Psychiatric Ward (Ward 73AB) in IMH within 6 months time

### **Project Lead and Members**

- D. Kalaivanan
- Tay Kim Huat
- Mohammed Hendra
- Zhou Zhenyu
- Li Ruifeng
- Hafiz Bin Mahmood
- Ho Soo Fung

### **Organisation(s) Involved**

Institute Mental of Health

### **Healthcare Family Group Involved in this Project**

Allied Health, Nursing

### **Applicable Specialty or Discipline**

Psychiatry

### **Project Period**

Start date: Jun 2020

Completed date: Oct 2021

### **Aims**

To reduce Assault Rate\* by 50% in a Long Stay Psychiatric Ward (Ward 73AB) in IMH within 6 months time.

\*Assault Rate

Refers to injuries caused from physical violence directed to another

Patient => Patient and Patient => Staff

Assault rate is calculated based on: number of assaults / number of patient days  
×1000

## **Background**

See poster appended/ below

## **Methods**

See poster appended/ below

## **Results**

See poster appended/ below

## **Conclusion**

See poster appended/ below

## **Additional Information**

Accorded the NHG Quality Day 2022 (Category B: Service Redesign & Delivery) Merit  
Award

## **Project Category**

Care & Process Redesign

Value Based Care, Safe Care, Productivity, Cost Saving

## **Keywords**

Psychology, Mental Illness, Mental Health, Conflicts, Assaults, Patient Safety

## **Name and Email of Project Contact Person(s)**

Name: Mr Kalaivanan s/o Dakshnamoorthy

Email: [kalaivanan\\_d@imh.com.sg](mailto:kalaivanan_d@imh.com.sg)

**D. Kalaivanan, Dept of Nursing Administration**

## Mission Statement

To reduce Assault Rate\* by 50% in a Long Stay Psychiatric Ward (Ward 73AB) in IMH within 6 months time.

\*Assault Rate

Refers to injuries caused from physical violence directed to another

Patient => Patient and Patient => Staff

Assault rate is calculated based on: number of assaults / number of patient days x 1000

## Team Members

| Name              | Designation                      | Department |
|-------------------|----------------------------------|------------|
| D. Kalaivanan     | Assistant, Director of Nursing   | Nursing    |
| Tay Kim Huat      | Senior Nurse Manager             | Nursing    |
| Mohammed Hendra   | Nurse Clinician                  | Nursing    |
| Zhou Zhenyu       | Senior Nurse Clinician / APN     | Nursing    |
| Li Ruifeng        | Senior Staff Nurse               | Nursing    |
| Hafiz Bin Mahmood | Senior Healthcare Assistant      | Nursing    |
| Ho Soo Fung       | Principal Occupational Therapist | OT Dept    |

Sponsors => Dr Christopher Cheok & Ms Anita Ng

## Evidence for a Problem Worth Solving

Assaults can be very traumatizing and may result in:

- Victims requiring medical attention in RHs (stitching, urgent X-rays, etc.)
- Non value adding – staff need to accompany patient, require for outsourced ambulance, police report
- Family needs updating; legal issues
- Fear in staff – need counselling
- Staff on Incident MC; Burnout
- Increase in staffs' request for transfers
- Decreased work satisfaction and lower quality care output

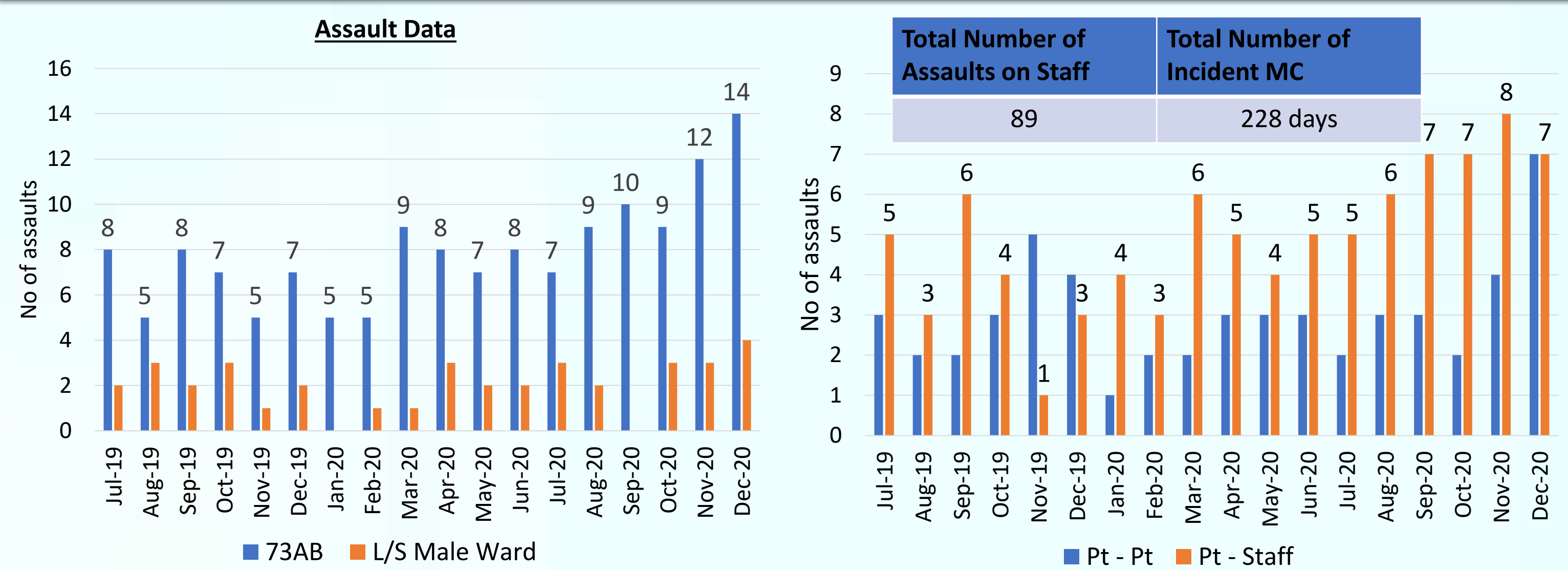
### Patient

- Total (10 pts; 3 FGs)
- All had been physically assaulted by fellow pts.
- 2 pts admitted provoking aggressor.
- All wanted aggressors to be charged / removed from ward.
- 90% agreed that assaulting others is unacceptable and organization should not condone such events.
- 7 pts felt that staff could have done more to prevent assaults.
- 3 pts admitted that they would take revenge.
- All felt that assault incidents are preventable.

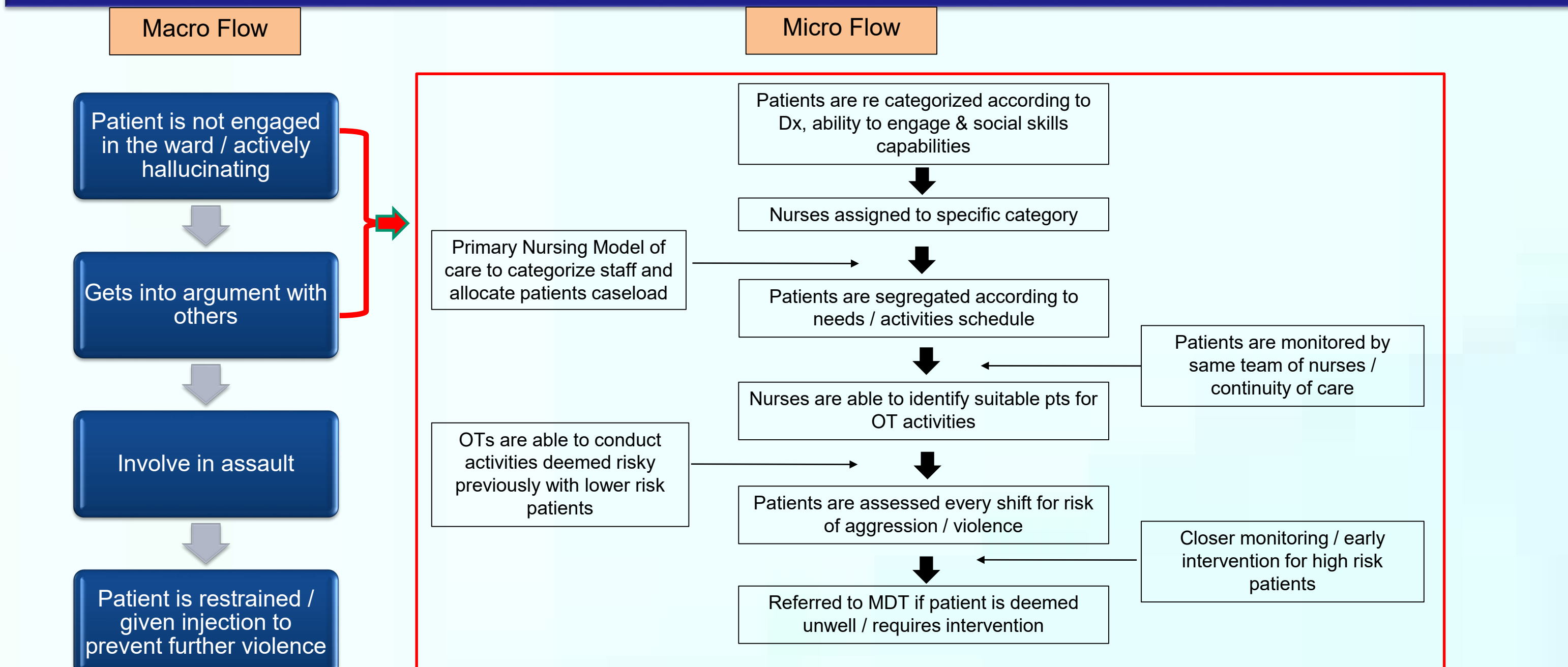
### Staff

- Total (20 nurses; 4 FGs).
- All had been either physically assaulted / verbally abused by pts).
- 90% agreed that assault incidents strains pt-nurse relationship.
- Fear (85%), unwillingness to engage same pt (50%), anger towards organization (50%).
- Request for transfer (n - 5), intention to leave (n - 3).
- All agreed we should have more measures / strategies to reduce assault.
- 90% commented that not possible to totally prevent, but can reduce current rate.

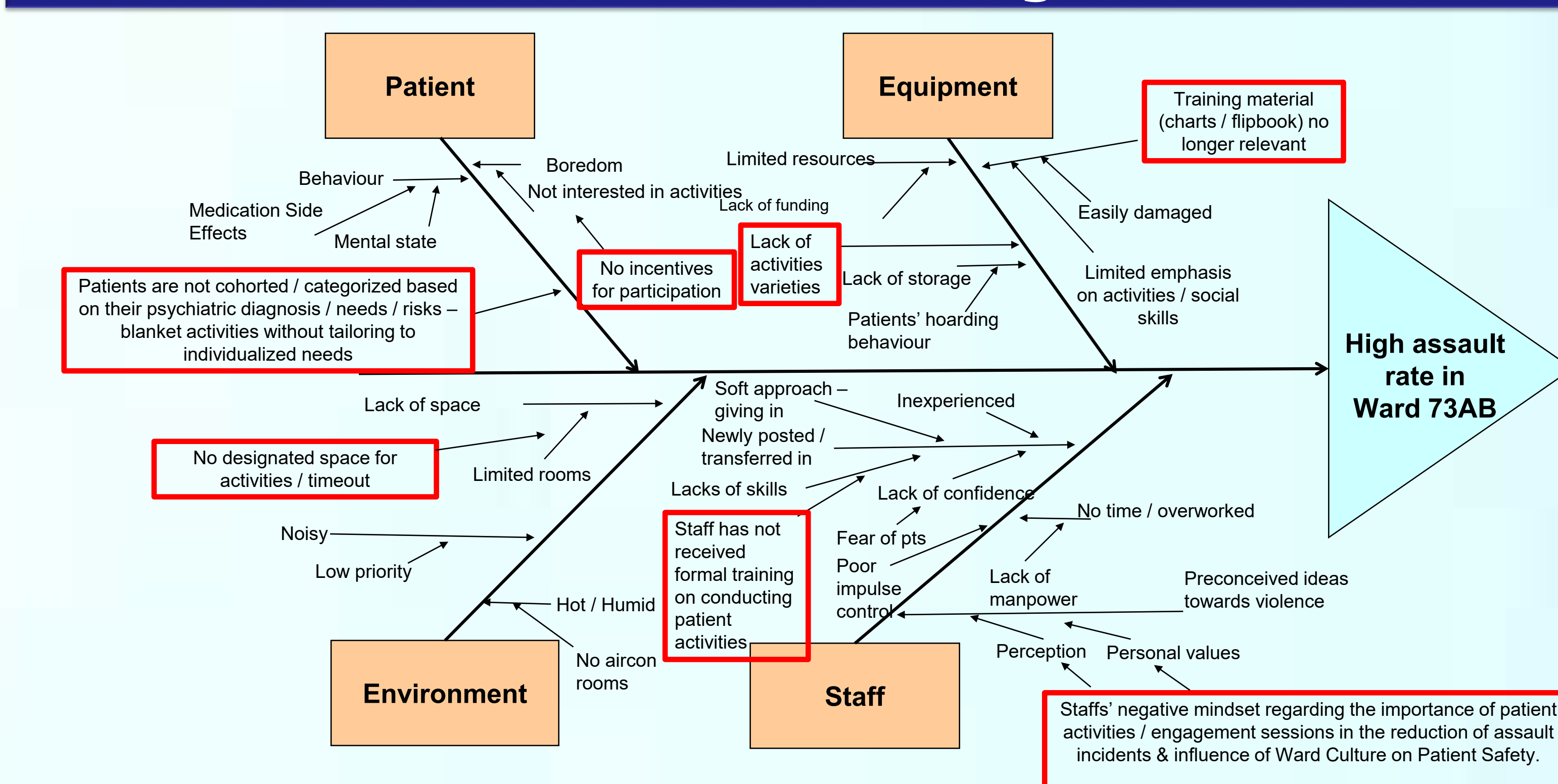
## Current Performance of a Process



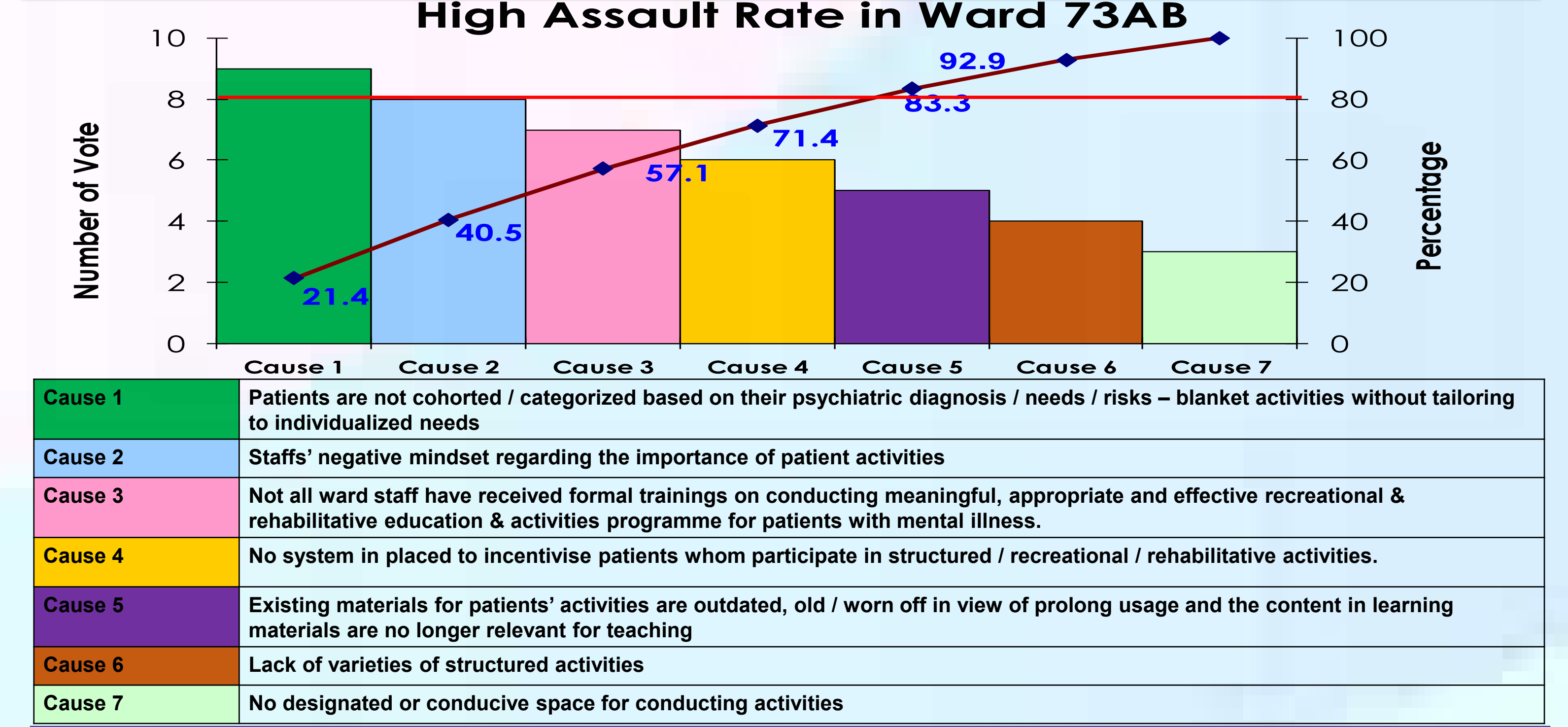
## Flow Chart of Process



## Cause and Effect Diagram

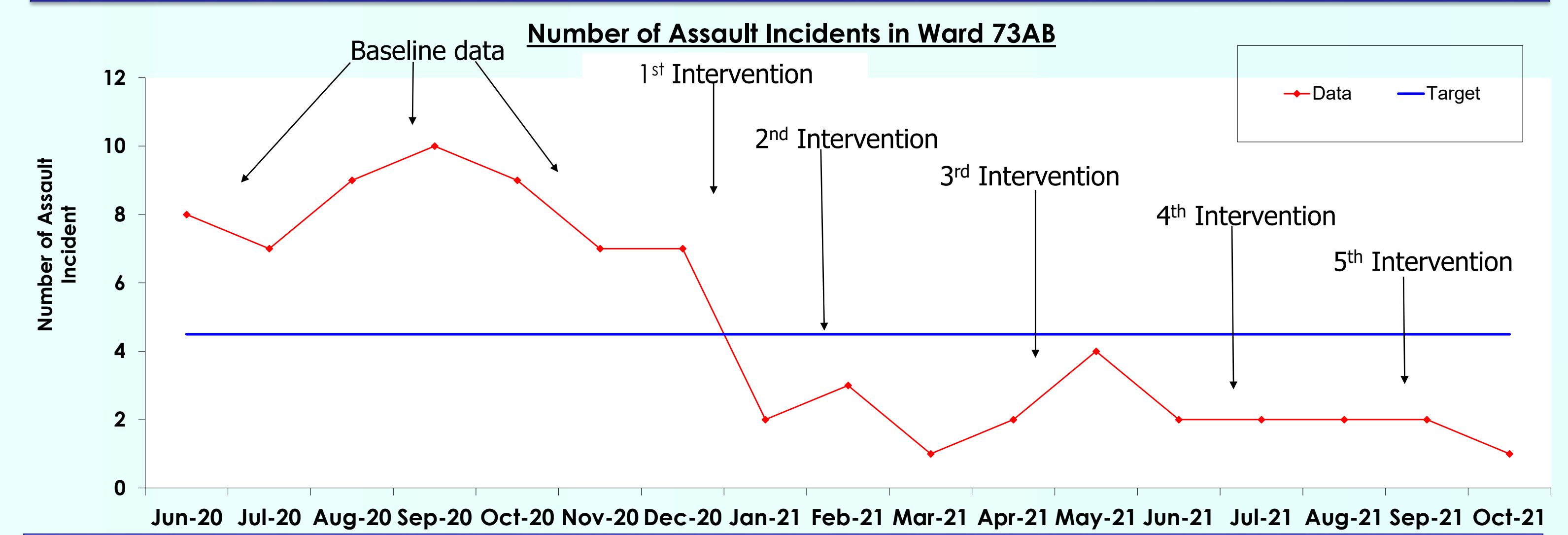


## Pareto Chart



| Root Cause   | Interventions   | PDSAs  | Date                                 |
|--|---|--|--------------------------------------|
| Patients are not cohorted / categorized based on their psychiatric diagnosis / needs / risks – blanket activities without tailoring to individualized needs  | To have a Patient Categorization Exercise (PCE) in Ward 73AB based on the following criteria:<br>• Psy Diagnosis<br>• Risk of aggression (factoring number of assaults over last 6 months)<br>• Rehabilitative potential<br>• Level of motivation | <b>PDSA 1a:</b> To conduct briefing & training sessions to all staff & MDT members of Ward 73AB regarding the categorization exercise & tool.<br><b>PDSA 1b:</b> Incorporated aggression / violence prediction tool, rehabilitative potential scale & in – patient motivation scale into PCE. Training with competency assessment conducted for all staff.         | 30 Nov-10 Dec 2020<br>21-30 Dec 2020 |
| Staffs' negative mindset regarding the importance of patient activities / engagement sessions in the reduction of assault incidents & influence of Ward Culture on Patient Safety.                     | Identify, coach & train culture change and safety ambassadors in the ward.  | <b>PDSA 2a:</b> To engage with Ward Sup and identify positive Change Agents – communicate expectations and clarify roles.<br><b>PDSA 2b:</b> Involved lower grade staff (HCAs / HAs) as Change Agents – using the concept of "Everyone's Voice Is Important".  | 4-28 Jan 2021<br>2-18 Feb 2021       |
| Not all Ward Staff have received formal trainings on conducting meaningful, appropriate and effective recreational & rehabilitative education & activities programme for patients with mental illness. | To conduct a Patient Engagement Training programme (PET) for all Ward Staff in 73AB.  | <b>PDSA 3a:</b> To collaborate with OT department & Nursing's Activity Nurse Committee to formulate Patient Engagement Training programme.<br><b>PDSA 3b:</b> Conducted focus group with staff to address concerns of PET programme and how to make it more useful.  | 16 Mar-31 Apr 2021<br>7-28 May 2021  |
| Currently there is no system in place to incentivise patients whom participate in structured / recreational / rehabilitative activities.   | To introduce a Token Economy* initiative in Ward 73AB to improve patients' participation in activities.   | <b>PDSA 4a:</b> Worked with Ward Sup to identify 2 Token Economy Ambassadors (TEAs) for each ward. Expectations and roles established.<br><b>PDSA 4b:</b> Incorporated "Behavioural Chart" into Token Economy – using "assault free" points rewarding system to augment existing process.  | 6-28 Jun 2021<br>7-27 Jul 2021       |
| Existing materials for patients' activities are outdated, old / worn off in view of prolong usage and the content in learning materials are no longer relevant for teaching.                           | To revise the current teaching materials in order to meet patients' learning needs & to introduce newer equipment (stationeries, arts & crafts supplies, games set, etc.) for activities.   | <b>PDSA 5a:</b> Collaborated with OT department to procure new patient activities materials / equipment. Revamped existing teaching materials in the ward.<br><b>PDSA 5b:</b> Sought collaboration from external volunteers to augment existing staff in conducting patient activities virtually. Worked on Activity Schedule to help in assignment of activities. | 2-20 Aug 2021<br>23 Aug-13 Sep 2021  |

## Results



## Cost Savings

| Area of Focus    | Pre CPIP     | During CPIP  |
|------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Assault on Pt    | 24 incidents | 10 incidents |
| Referred to RH   | 9 patients   | 2 patients   |
| Assault on Staff | 45 incidents | 11 incidents |
| Incident MC      | 94 days      | 13 days      |

| Item   | Cost          | Episode | Total         | Remarks                    |
|--|---------------|---------|---------------|----------------------------|
| 2 way ambulance to RH                            | \$100         | X 9     | \$900         |                            |
| Investigations (X-rays / CT Scan, etc)           | \$100 - \$300 | X 9     | \$2300        | (2 cases required CT Head) |
| Medications                                      | \$20 - \$30   | X 8     | \$200         |                            |
| Interventions at RH (stitching, injections, etc) | \$50          | X 5     | \$250         |                            |
| Escort by Ward Staff (4 - 7 hrs)                 | \$100         | X 9     | \$900         |                            |
| Follow up visit (includes some of the above)     | \$500         | X 5     | \$2500        |                            |
| <b>TOTAL</b>                                     |               |         | <b>\$7050</b> |                            |

| Item                        | Pre CPIP       | During CPIP   |
|-----------------------------|----------------|---------------|
| Total number of days on IMC | 23             | 27            |
| Per day wage                | \$219          | \$141         |
| Sub Total                   | \$5037         | \$3807        |
| <b>TOTAL</b>                | <b>\$13252</b> | <b>\$1891</b> |

**TOTAL SAVINGS => \$5483 (only 2 pts sent out to RH compared to 9 prior CPIP)**  
**Per pt episode to RH => \$800 (+/-)**  
**\$11,361** (86% savings)

## Problems Encountered

- Importance of right siting patients & tailored plan of care.
- Manpower will always be a "constraint" – but; productivity can still improve if we collaborate & co-create.
- Culture of ward and leadership role is imperative.
- Buy in from MDT; expect the unexpected & manage resistance.
- Continuous reassurance, support to staff & mindset change is required.
- Importance of systemic approach & helicopter view.
- Quality initiatives during Covid-19 – very challenging & stretched (ward was having massive cluster outbreak during CPIP).

## Strategies to Sustain

- Continue to have regular feedback sessions with key stakeholders regarding initiatives & any area for improvement / modifications of strategies.
- Sharing within department and hospital wide.
- Importance of small wins, achieving milestones & staff engagement.
- Sharing of project with newly transferred in staff to ward & the block.
- Explore extension of scope with the volunteers – bandwidth to commit.
- Regular sessions with Ward Supervisors to address their concerns – leadership sets the culture.
- Involve 1 or 2 patient representatives into the workgroup – advocate to rest.